

# **The UK « Coal Forum » and Carbon Capture and Storage Development Programme**

**European Social Partners' Conference on Initiatives involving social partners in Europe on climate change policies and Employment**

Giles Dickson, Vice President Government Relations Europe

Brussels, 2 March 2011

**ALSTOM**

- 
- set up in 2006
  - “to work to ensure that we have the right framework, consistent with (the government’s) energy policy goals, to secure the long term contribution of coal fired power generation and optimise the use of economical coal reserves in the UK”.

- **security and diversity of energy supply: coal 1/3 of UK electricity**
- **climate change**
- **mobilising investments required**
- **public perceptions**

Active engagement of both sides of industry gives credibility to the messages

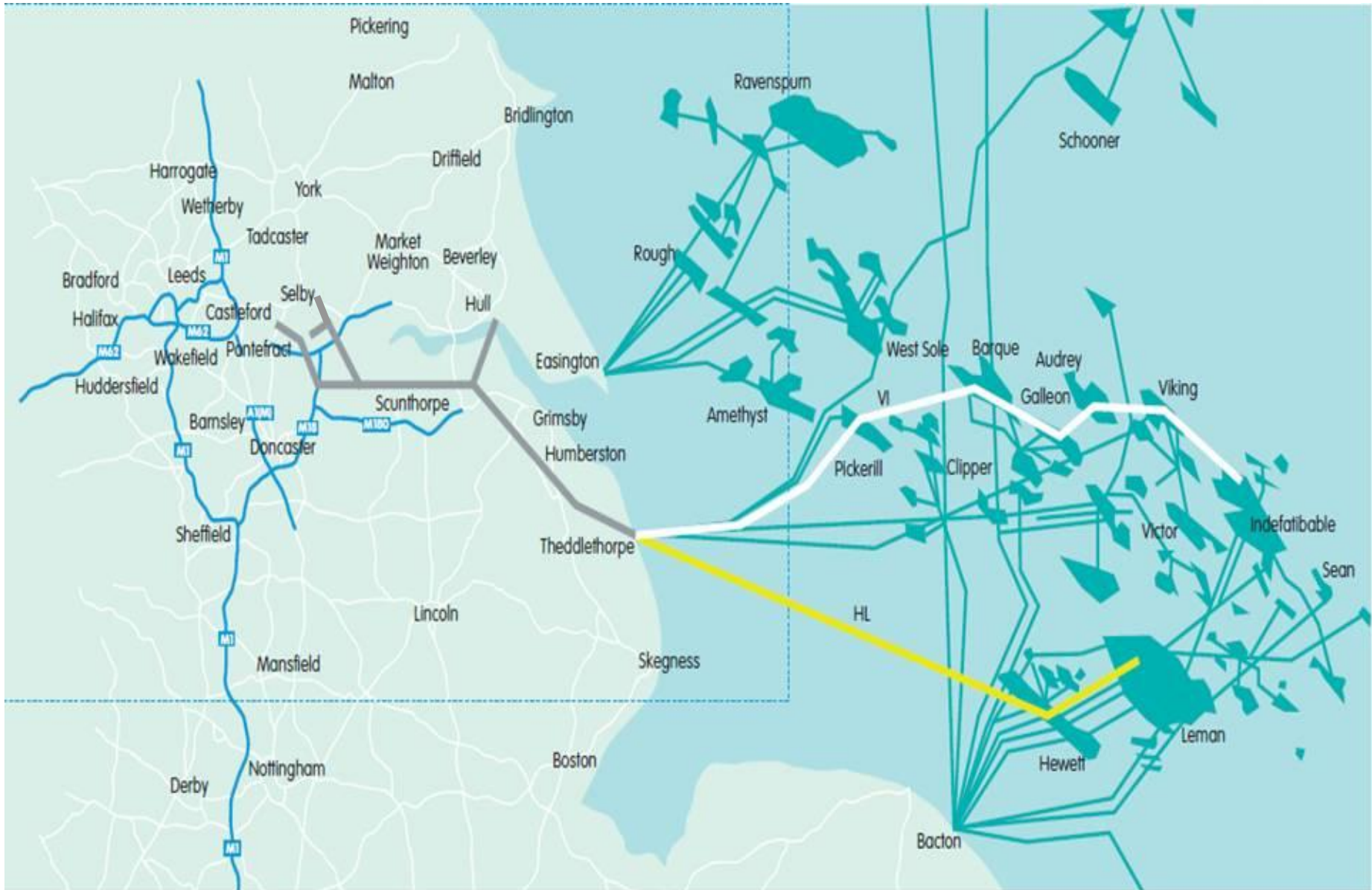
- indigenous coal **producers** want to retain production output of 20 m tonnes p.a. for the foreseeable future
- coal as a national **socio-economic asset**
- coal as a contributor to **security of supply**
- electricity **generators** want to keep coal in the generating mix for the diversity and flexibility it offers, in the expectation that it will use CCS in the longer term



- By 2020, over half of UK's electricity will still be fuelled by coal/gas.
- CCS has potential to create up to 100,000 jobs & could be worth £3–6.5bn a year to UK by 2030 (source: DECC)
- UK has already put in place one of most comprehensive policy/regulatory frameworks in world – e.g storage permitting regime.
- Estimated CO<sub>2</sub> storage capacity of UK/continental shelf is 22 GTs. Roughly 100 years of emissions from power sector. (source: DECC)
- Govt announced up to £1bn for first commercial-scale CCS demo - more than any govt anywhere has committed to any single project.
- Govt plans to launch a call for proposals after this year's Budget for demos 2-4 and to select those projects by the end of 2012.
- Govt exploring ongoing support mechanism in Electricity Market Reform.

- 
- Drax (Drax, Alstom): New build, Oxy-combustion, coal
  - Hatfield (Powerfuel): New build, IGCC, coal
  - Hatfield (Powerfuel, B9 Coal): New build, IGCC (with fuel cell), coal
  - Killingholme (C.GEN): New build, IGCC, gas
  - Hunterston (Peel Energy, Ayrshire Power): New build, Post-combustion, coal
  - Longannet (Scottish Power): Retrofit, Post-combustion, coal
  - Peterhead (SSE): Retrofit, Post-combustion, gas
  - Lynemouth (Alcan, Progressive Energy): Repowering, IGCC, coal
  - Eston Grange (Progressive Energy): New build, IGCC, coal

# North Sea storage opportunities



# Alstom activity on CCS



## Operating



**Vattenfall Schwarze Pumpe**  
Germany - 30 MWth  
Oxy - Lignite



**AEP Mountaineer**  
USA - 58 MWth  
Chilled Ammonia - Coal



**EoN Karlshamn**  
Sweden - 5 MWth  
Chilled Ammonia - Fuel



**Total Lacq**  
France - 30 MWth  
Oxy - Gas



**Dow Chemical Co.**  
USA, West Virginia  
Advanced Amines - Coal



**Alstom BSF Windsor**  
US - 15 MWth  
Oxy - Coals

## Coming



**EDF - Le Havre**  
France - 5 MWth Adv.  
Amines - Coal



**Statoil Mongstad**  
Norway - 40 MWth  
Chilled Ammonia - Gas

## Pre-commercial



**PGE Belchatow**  
Poland - 260 MWe  
Adv. Amines - Lignite




**Vattenfall Janschwalde**  
Germany - 250 MWe  
Oxy - Lignite



**Transalta**  
Canada - >200 MWe  
Chilled Ammonia - Coal



**AEP Mountaineer**  
USA - 235 MWe  
Chilled Ammonia - Coal

 Selected for receiving EEPR funding

 Selected by Alberta and Federal Canadian funding

 Selected by US DOE to receive CCPI Round 3 funding