

FACT SHEET – AUSTRIA

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I. Economic indicators

Table 1. Population and forecast (1990, 2004, 2020)

Total population (millions)			Average annual population growth rate (%)		Population age composition (%, 2004)			Dependency ratio (dependants as proportion of working-age population, 2004)	
1990	2004	2020	1990—2004	2004-2020	Ages 0-14	Ages 15-64	Ages 65+	Young	Old
7.7	8.2	8.3	0.4	0.1	15.8	67.8	16.4	0.2	0.2

Source: The World Bank Group, World Development Indicators 2006.
(<http://devdata.worldbank.org/wdi2006/contents/Section2.htm>)

Population in million (2004-2010)

2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*
8.14	8.20	8.25	8.28	8.31	8.35	8.37

* As of January, 1, 2010.

Source: Eurostat 2010.

(<http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/tgm/refreshTableAction.do?tab=table&plugin=1&pcode=tps00001&language=en>)

Table 2. GDP per capita in PPS (EU-27=100); 2004-2008

Area/Year	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
EU-25	104	104*	104	104	103
Austria	127	124*	125	123	123

* break in series

Source: Eurostat 2010.

(<http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/tgm/table.do?tab=table&init=1&plugin=1&language=en&pcode=tsieb010>)

Table 3. Economy by sectors (1996,2006)

Gross domestic product (\$ millions)		Agriculture (% of GDP)		Industry (% of GDP)		Manufacturing (% of GDP)		Services (% of GDP)	
1996	2006	1996	2006	1996	2006	1996	2006	1996	2006
239,560	322,001	3	2	30	31	19	19	67	67

Source: The World Bank 2008.

(http://books.google.pl/books?id=O67oDJW01pwC&pg=PA195&lpg=PA195&dq=world+development+indicators+2007&source=bl&ots=iBqVTtoOWcG&sig=7pTjNMA2o2Cz6cXbUH35pA0vrAA&hl=pl&ei=uDqS5KnLZuhOIP05P0K&sa=X&oi=book_result&ct=result&resnum=2&ved=0CB4Q6AEwAQ#v=onepage&q=world%20development%20indicators%202007&f=false, p.202)

Table 4. The size of the shadow economy as % of GDP (2001-2007)

Area/Year	2001/2002	2002/2003	2004	2005	2006	2007*
Austria	10.6	10.9	11.0	10.3	9.7	9.4
Average (chosen 21 OECD countries)	16.7	16.3	16.1	15.6	14.5	13.9

* Preliminary values

Source: Schneider, Kepler 2007.

(<http://ec.europa.eu/social/search.jsp?langId=en&menuType=basic>)

Table 5. Risk of being detected for undeclared work (2070)

Area/Risk degree	High	Small	Refusal to answer (spontaneous)	Do not know
EU27	33%	55%	1%	11%
Austria	37%	43%	3%	17%

Source: Eurobarometer 2007.

(http://ec.europa.eu/public_opinion/archives/ebs/ebs_284_en.pdf, p.36).

Reasons for doing undeclared work (2007); in %

	Salaries in the regular businesses are too low	Taxes and/or social security contributions are too high	Lack of control by authorities	Lack of regular jobs on the labour market
EU27	26	17	12	10
Austria	22	11	9	17

Source: Eurobarometer 2007.

(http://ec.europa.eu/public_opinion/archives/ebs/ebs_284_en.pdf, p.41).

Table 6. Labour productivity per hour worked (2004-2009)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
EU27	86.8	86.9b	86.9	87.2	87.6	87.5
Austria	100.4	99.2b	100.3	100.0	100.5	99.2

b- break in series
e- estimated value

Source: Eurostat 2010
(<http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/tgm/table.do?tab=table&init=1&language=en&pcode=tsieb040&plugin=1>)

II. Labour market indicators

Table 7. Total employment rate (2004-2009); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
EU27	63	63.5	64.5	65.4	65.9	64.6
Austria	67.8b	68.6	70.2	71.4	72.1	71.6

b - break in series

Source: Eurostat 2010.
(<http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/tgm/table.do?tab=table&language=en&pcode=tsiem010&tableSelection=1&footnotes=yes&labeling=labels&plugin=1>)

Employment rate: total and by gender (2004-2009); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total	67.8b	68.6	70.2	71.4	72.1	71.6
Men	74.9b	75.4	76.9	78.4	78.5	76.9
Women	60.7b	62.0	63.5	64.4	65.8	66.4

b - break in series

Source: Eurostat 2010.

Employment rate by age group (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
15-24	49.9b	53.1	54.0	55.5	55.9
25-54	81.7b	82.6	83.5	84.0	84.4
55-64	27.4b	31.8	35.5	38.6	41.0
60-64	10.6b	13.6	15.3	19.5	20.8

b - break in series

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Men employment rate by age group (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
15-24	54.3b	56.8	58.2	59.6	59.5
25-54	87.4b	89.1	89.9	90.6	90.2
55-64	36.8b	41.3	45.3	49.8	51.8
60-64	14.3b	19.6	21.1	28.2	29.1

b - break in series

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Women employment rate by age group (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
15-24	45.6b	49.4	49.9	51.5	52.3
25-54	75.8b	76.0	77.0	77.5	78.6
55-64	18.5	22.9	26.3	28.0	30.8
60-64	7.3b	8.1	9.9	11.5	13.0

b - break in series

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Table 8. Activity rate: total and by gender (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total	70.2b	72.4	73.7	74.7	75.0
Men	77.1b	79.3	80.5	81.7	81.4
Women	63.5b	65.5	67.0	67.8	68.6

b - break in series

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Total activity rate by age group (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
15-24	56.1b	59.2	59.4	60.8	60.8
25-54	85.4b	86.4	87.1	87.4	87.3
55-64	28.7b	33.0	36.8	39.8	41.9
60-64	10.9b	14.0	15.8	19.8	21.0

b - break in series

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Men activity rate by age group (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
15-24	61.2b	63.6	63.9	65.0	64.6
25-54	91.4b	92.8	93.2	93.7	93.0
55-64	38.6b	43.0	47.3	51.3	52.8
60-64	14.7b	20.2	21.9	28.6	29.5

b - break in series

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Women activity rate by age group (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
15-24	51.1b	54.8	55.1	56.7	56.9
25-54	79.4b	79.9	80.9	81.1	81.5
55-64	19.3b	23.5	26.9	28.9	31.6
60-64	7.4b	8.3	10.1	11.6	13.1

b - break in series

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Table 9. Unemployment rate: total and by gender (2004-2009); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total	5.3b	5.2	4.8	4.5	3.9	4.9
Men	5.3b	4.9	4.4	4.0	3.6	5.1
Women	5.3b	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.2	4.6

b - break in series

Source: Eurostat 2010.

Unemployment rate by age group (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
15-24	11.0b	10.3	9.1	8.7	8.0
25-54	4.4b	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.3
55-64	4.5b	3.6	3.5	3.0	2.1
60-64	:	:	:	:	:

b - break in series

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Men unemployment rate by age group (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
15-24	11.3b	10.7	8.9	8.3	7.9
25-54	4.3b	4.0	3.6	3.3	3.1
55-64	4.7b	4.1	4.3	2.9u	1.8u
60-64	:	:	:	:	:

u - extremely unreliable data

b - break in series

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Women unemployment rate by age group (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
15-24	10.7b	9.9	9.3	9.1	8.2
25-54	4.4b	4.9	4.8	4.5	3.6
55-64	:	:	:	3.1u	:
60-64	:	:	:	:	:

u - extremely unreliable data

b - break in series

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Table 10. Employment by sector (2000-2008), as % total employment

Sectors/Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Services	66.6	67.1	67.8	68.3	68.7	69.0	69.5	69.8	70.1
Industry	25.5	25.1	24.6	24.2	23.9	23.8	23.6	23.6	23.6
Agriculture	7.9	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.4	7.2	6.9	6.6	6.4

Source: Employment in Europe 2009, statistical annex, p. 177.

Employment by sectors (2004-2007); number of persons employed, in thousand

Sectors/Year	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mining and quarrying	6204	5936	6020	6157
Manufacturing	621087	619811	624394	638050
Electricity, gas and water supply	31500	31620	31459	30537
Construction	251914	249587	252552	261861
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods	598002	601243	617826	625273
Hotels and restaurants	226801	231497	242582	247543
Transport, storage and communications	249809	240763	241759	242919
Real estate, renting and business activities	368567	386762	417335	436499

Source: Eurostat 2009.

(<http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/tgm/table.do?tab=table&init=1&plugin=1&language=en&pcode=tin00004>)

Table 11. Inequalities of income distribution (2004-2009); in %

The ratio of total income received by the 20% of the population with the highest income (top quintile) to that received by the 20% of the population with the lowest income (lowest quintile). Income must be understood as equivalised disposable income.

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
EU27	:	4.9s	4.8s	5.0	:	:
Austria	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7

: data not available

s – Eurostat estimation

p – provisional value

Source: Eurostat 2010.

(<http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/tgm/table.do?tab=table&init=1&plugin=1&language=en&pcode=tsisc010>)

Table 12. In work at-risk-of-poverty rate: total and by gender (2004-2009); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total	7.3	6.7	6.4	6.1	6.4	5.9
Men	7.6	7.2	6.5	6.3	6.4	5.9
Women	6.9	6.0	6.3	5.8	6.3	5.9

Please note, that according to Eurofund report, *Working poor in Europe*, published by Eurofund in 2010 "If persons are at risk of poverty, this may not be simply because of low wages but because their wages are insufficient to maintain the income of the household in which they live at a certain level. Equally, a person can earn a wage well below the poverty threshold but not be at risk of poverty because the income of other household members is sufficient to raise the overall household income above the poverty threshold. Such a person is, therefore, not counted as being working poor as defined here. A person can have earnings well above the poverty threshold but, because they share a household with people who are not working, they can be counted as being working poor" (page 2 of the report; the whole report available at:

<http://www.eurofound.europa.eu/pubdocs/2010/25/en/2/EF1025EN.pdf>.

Source: Eurostat 2010.

(<http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/tgm/refreshTableAction.do?tab=table&plugin=1&pcode=tsdsc320&language=en>)

Table 13. Job satisfaction of workers: total and by gender (2005); in %

percentage of workers that are either very satisfied or satisfied with working conditions in their main paid job

	UE27	Austria
Total	82.3	89.6
Males	81.5	88.4
Females	83.4	91

: data not available

Source: EWCS 2005.

(http://www.eurofound.europa.eu/ewco/surveys/ewcs2005/4ewcs_10_02.htm)

Table 14. Educational attainment: adult population (2004-2007)

distribution of the 25-64 year-old population, by highest level of education attained

Year/Area	Austria			OECD		
	Below upper secondary	Upper secondary and post-secondary non-tertiary	Tertiary education	Below upper secondary	Upper secondary and post-secondary non-tertiary	Tertiary education
2007	20	63	18	30	43	27
2006	20	63	18	30	43	26
2005	19	63	18	31	43	26
2004	20	62	18	32	43	25

Source: OECD, *Education at Glance 2009*.

(<http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/41/25/43636332.pdf>, p.41)

Table 15. Trends in educational attainment: 25-64 year-old population (2004-2007)

percentage, by age groups

Education level	2004	2005	2006	2007
Below upper secondary	20	19	20	20
Upper secondary and post-secondary non-tertiary	62	63	63	63
Tertiary education	18	18	18	18

Source: OECD, *Education at Glance 2009*.

(<http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/41/25/43636332.pdf>, p.41)

III. Flexicurity indicators

1. Contractual arrangements

Table 16. Employment by type of contract (2004-2008), as % total employees

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Self-employed	16.8	16.8	16.7	16.4	16.1
Part-time employment	19.8	21.1	21.8	22.6	23.3
Fixed-term contracts	9.6	9.1	9.0	8.9	9.0

Source: *Employment in Europe 2009*, statistical annex, p. 175.

Table 17. Transition by employment status (2005/2006; 2006/2007)

persons aged 16-64; % of status in year t

2005 (year t)	2006 (year t+1)		2006 (year t)	2007 (year t +1)	
Total	Full-time	53	Total	Full-time	52
	Part-time	12		Part-time	12
	Unemployed	4		Unemployed	6
	Inactive	32		Inactive	30
	Undef status	.		Undef status	.
Full-time	Full-time	91	Full-time	Full-time	89
	Part-time	3		Part-time	4
	Unemployed	3		Unemployed	3
	Inactive	4		Inactive	3
Part-time	Full-time	15	Part time	Full-time	19
	Part-time	72		Part-time	69
	Unemployed	4u		Unemployed	4
	Inactive	9		Inactive	8
Unemployed	Full-time	29	Unemployed	Full-time	18
	Part-time	11u		Part-time	12
	Unemployed	43		Unemployed	55
	Inactive	17u		Inactive	15
Inactive	Full-time	5	Inactive	Full-time	6
	Part-time	4		Part-time	5
	Unemployed	1u		Unemployed	2
	Inactive	90		Inactive	87

u: unreliable and/or data are removed in accordance with EU-SILC publication requirements.

2006: data updated June 2009

2007: data updated October 2009

Source: EU-SILC

Table 18. Transition by type of contract (2005/2006; 2006/2007)
persons aged 16-64; % of status in year t

2005 status	2006 status		2006 status	2007 status	
Total	Employee-permanent	54	Total	Employee-permanent	52
	Employee-temporary	4		Employee-temporary	5
	Self-employed	7		Self-employed	8
	Unemployed	4		Unemployed	6
	Inactive	32		Inactive	30
Employee-permanent	Employee-permanent	89	Employee-permanent	Employee-permanent	88
	Employee-temporary	3		Employee-temporary	4
	Self-employed	1u		Self-employed	1
	Unemployed	3		Unemployed	3
	Inactive	5		Inactive	4
Employee-temporary	Employee-permanent	41	Employee-temporary	Employee-permanent	41
	Employee-temporary	47		Employee-temporary	43
	Self-employed	u		Self-employed	0
	Unemployed	u		Unemployed	9
	Inactive	u		Inactive	7
Self-employed	Employee-permanent	8u	Self-employed	Employee-permanent	4
	Employee-temporary	u		Employee-temporary	1
	Self-employed	82		Self-employed	90
	Unemployed	u		Unemployed	0
	Inactive	8u		Inactive	6

Unemployed	Employee-permanent	30	Unemployed	Employee-permanent	20
	Employee-temporary	u		Employee-temporary	8
	Self-employed	u		Self-employed	2
	Unemployed	43		Unemployed	55
	Inactive	17u		Inactive	15
Inactive	Employee-permanent	7	Inactive	Employee-permanent	8
	Employee-temporary	1u		Employee-temporary	2
	Self-employed	u		Self-employed	1
	Unemployed	1u		Unemployed	2
	Inactive	90		Inactive	87

u: unreliable and/or data are removed in accordance with EU-SILC publication requirements.

2005/2006: data updated June 2009

2006/2007: data updated October 2009

Source: EU-SILC.

Table 19. Access to flexitime (2004); % of total employees
persons aged 15-64

	Total	Men	Women
EU27	31.3	33.0	29.4
Austria	37.0	37.6	36.4

Source: Eurostat, EU LFS 2008.

Table 20. Strictness of employment protection (2004-2009)

Area/Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
OECD countries – overall	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.94	:
Austria					
- overall	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	:
- regular employment	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.37	:
- temporary employment	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	:

Source: OECD 2009

(http://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSetCode=EPL_OV)

Employment protection – dynamic perspective

Labour market measures	Unit (earlier year, latest year)	Earlier year	Latest year	Latest year, OECD total
Overall EP strictness	Scale 0-6 (1998,2008)	2.4	2.2	2.1
EP strictness for regular employment	Scale 0-6 (1998,2008)	2.9	2.4	2.1
EP strictness for temporary employment	Scale 0-6 (1998,2008)	1.5	1.5	1.8

Source: OECD *Employment Outlook 2009*.

(http://www.oecd.org/document/53/0,3343,en_2649_39023495_42788213_1_1_1_1,00.html)

Table 21. Diversity and reasons for contractual and working arrangements (2008)
by area/country and gender

Area/Country		Total employees in part-time and/or fixed-term contracts + total self-employed as % of persons	Total employees in part-time jobs	Total employees in fixed-term jobs	Total self-employed as % of total persons in employment
EU27	Total	38.7	14.5	10.3	14.8
	Men	33.2	4.7	11.0	18.7
	Women	45.5	25.5	9.5	10.0
Austria	Total	37.6	21.5	7.2	11.4
	Men	25.8	5.6	7.9	13.6
	Women	51.7	39.5	6.4	8.7

Source: EU LFS 2009.

2. Lifelong learning

Table 22. Spending on human resources (2001–2006); public expenditure on education as percentage of GDP

Area/Country	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
EU27	4.99	5.10	5.15	5.06	5.04	5.02
Austria	5.79	5.72	5.57	5.52	5.46	5.44

Source: Eurostat 2009.

(<http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/tgm/table.do?tab=table&init=1&plugin=1&language=en&pcode=tsiir010>)

Table 23. Percentage of employees (all enterprises) participating in CVT courses by gender (2005)

Area/Country	Total	Men	Women
EU27	33	34	31
Austria	33	36	30

Source: CVTS3 2009.

(<http://www.cedefop.europa.eu/EN/statistics-and-indicators/continuing-vocational-training-and-adult-learning.aspx>)

Table 24. Lifelong learning (2004-2009); in %

participation of the adult population aged 25-64 participating in education or training over the four weeks prior to the study

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
EU27	9.3	9.8	9.7	9.5	9.6
Austria	11.6	12.9	13.1	12.8	13.2

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009.

Lifelong learning participation: total and by gender (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total	11.6	12.9	13.1	12.8	13.2
Men	10.9	12.3	12.2	11.6	12.2
Women	12.2	13.5	14.0	14.0	14.2

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009.

Total participation in lifelong learning by age (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
25-34	18.5	20.5	20.3	20.6	21.6
35-44	12.1	13.6	13.4	12.8	13.8
45-54	9.3	10.6	11.2	11.1	10.7
55-64	5.4	5.9	6.5	6.1	5.8

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009.

Men participation in lifelong learning by age (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
25-34	18.8	21.2	19.8	19.4	20.9
35-44	11.2	12.0	12.5	11.2	12.3
45-54	8.1	9.7	9.6	9.9	9.7
55-64	4.3	5.2	6.0	5.1	5.1

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Women participation in lifelong learning by age (2004-2008); in %

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
25-34	18.2	19.7	20.8	21.8	22.3
35-44	13.0	15.1	14.4	14.3	15.3
45-54	10.5	11.5	12.8	12.2	11.7
55-64	6.4	6.6	7.0	7.0	6.5

Source: EU Labour Force Survey 2009, updated in June 2009.

Table 25. Investment by enterprises in training of adults (1999,2005)

Area/Country	1999	2005
EU27	2.3	1.6
Austria	1.3	1.4

Source: CVTS3.

3. Active labour market policy

Table 26. Public expenditure on labour market policies

Labour market measures	Unit (earlier year, latest year)	Earlier year	Latest year	Latest year, OECD total
Active	% of GDP (1998, 2007)	0.5	0.7	0.6
Passive	% of GDP (1998, 2007)	1.4	1.2	0.8

Source: OECD *Employment Outlook 2009*.

http://www.oecd.org/document/53/0,3343,en_2649_39023495_42788213_1_1_1_1,00.html

Public expenditure on labour market policies, by type of action (2004-2008); as % of GDP

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total LMP (categories 1-9)	2.035 ^e	2.150 ^e	2.123 ^e	1.930 ^e	1.840 ^e
Labour market services	0.176	0.172	0.176	0.168	0.163
Total LMP measures (categories 2-7)	0.439 ^e	0.461 ^e	0.544 ^e	0.514 ^e	0.516 ^e
Total LMP supports (categories 8-9)	1.419	1.517	1.402	1.248	1.161

e- estimated value

Source: Eurostat 2009.

(http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/labour_market/labour_market_policy/main_tables)

Table 27. Activation of long-term unemployed (2003-2008), by gender

Activation rates	Total	Men	Women
2004	:	:	:
2005	26	24.8	27.8
2006	27.1	25.1	30.1
2007	36	33.4	39.8
2008	:	:	:

Source: National data and LMP, Eurostat 2009.

Table 28. Participants in labour market policy measures, by type of action (2003-2008)

annual average stock

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total LMP measures (categories 2-7)	115492u	130377e	162269 ^e	161809 ^e	178798 ^e
Training	65618u	76287e	90057 ^e	96614e	103923 ^e

Job rotation and job sharing	3	8	5	81	158
Employment incentives	42951 ^e	44776 ^e	60951 ^e	52725 ^e	63327 ^e
Supported employment and rehabilitation	1412	1407	1440	1951	2024
Direct job creation	4769	5652	7600	7978	6768
Start-up incentives	739	2247 ^e	2216	2460 ^e	2598 ^e

e - estimated value

u - unreliable or uncertain data

Source: Eurostat 2009.

(http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/labour_market/labour_market_policy/main_tables)

Table 29. New start/prevention (2004-2008)
share of young and adult unemployed not having been offered a job or an activation
measure within 6 or 12 months

Regular activation

	Young unemployed			Adult unemployed		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
2004	2.1	1.9	2.4	1.43	1.37	1.5
2005	2.08	1.83	2.43	1.1	1.07	1.15
2006	1.45	1.23	1.73	0.9	0.95	0.86
2007*	9.7	9.2	10.5	0.89	0.93	0.85
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-

2007: young: all 2007; adults: January to June 2007

Assisted activation

	Young unemployed			Adult unemployed		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
2004	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.06	0.06	0.07
2005	0.11	0.09	0.14	0.02	0.02	0.02
2006**	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
2007	0.04	0.04	0.04	0	0	0
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-

2004: Break in series: including personalized action plans

2007: young: all 2007; adults: January to June 2007

Source: National data (2007 National Reform Programs).

4. Social protection

Table 30. Average duration of unemployment; in months

Area/Country	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Austria	Not available for AT					
OECD countries	9.9	10.0	9.9	9.6	8.8	7.5

Source: OECD 2009.

Table 31. Net replacement rates and unemployment insurance benefit duration (2004)

Initial net replacement rate* (percentage of net earnings in work)	Unemployment insurance benefit duration	Average of net replacement rates over 60 months of unemployment (% of net earnings in work)
63	9	57 (-2)

Source: OECD Employment Outlook 2006.
(<http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/28/9/36965805.pdf>)

Table 32. Incidence of long-term unemployment (2007)

Proportion unemployed more than 6 months	Proportion unemployed more than 12 months	Standardized unemployment rate
44.2	26.8	4.4

Source: *Employment in Europe 2009*, p. 72.

Table 33. Unemployment trap: tax rate on low wage earners (2004-2008)

Area/Year	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
EU27	74.26	75.52	76.12	74.90	74.75
Austria	67.00	67.00	67.00	68.00	68.00

Source: Eurostat 2009.

IV. Industrial relations indicators

Table 34. Industrial relations indicators; in %

	Austria	EU27
Collective bargaining (percentage of employees covered by collective agreements), 2006	99	63
Trade union density (Union members as percentage of all employees in dependent employment), 2005	33	25
Employers organizations density (Percentage of employees covered by collective agreements), 2006	100	n/a

Source :European Commission 2009, Industrial Relations in Europe Report 2008, pp. 74-75 and 78.