

European Cross-industry Social Dialogue 1996 – 2011: an overview

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Content

Introduction

Structure

History, Actors & Treaty Provisions EU Employment & Social Policy Instruments Results of the EU Cross-Industry Social Dialogue New Work Programme 2012-2014 Online Resource Centres Conclusion

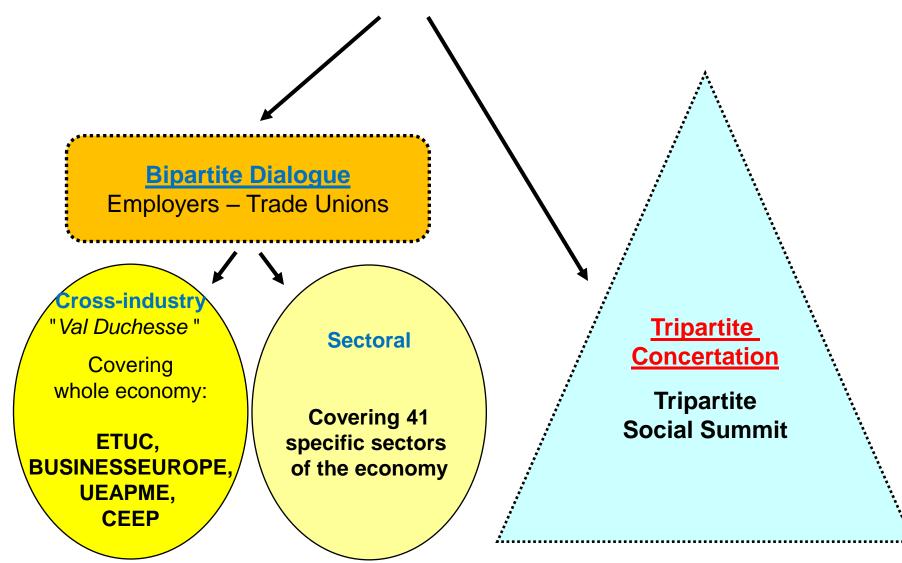
Introduction

Social dialogue: a tool to ensure smooth functioning of labour markets

Three types of activities involving the social partners:

- I. Social dialogue designates bipartite work by the social partners, whether or not prompted by the Commission's official consultations based on articles 154 and 155 of the Treaty.
- **II. Consultation of the social partners** designates the activities of advisory committees and official consultations in the spirit of articles 154 and 155 of the Treaty.
- **III.** Tripartite concertation designates exchanges between the social partners and European public authorities.

Bipartite and tripartite levels



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History

Four main stages of development

- Before 1985: Formal/informal consultations of social partners
- **1985-1990:** Emergence of bi-partite social dialogue ("joint opinion period")
- 1991-2001:Recognition of social dialogue in the Treaty and
negotiations of agreements based on articles
138 and 139
- Since 2002: Social partners re-affirm their autonomy and adopt work-programmes for social dialogue

(2010) Articles 154 and 155 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union

Actors at cross-industry level



Representing European workers

ETUC: The European Trade UnionConfederation;

- Established in 1973;
- 84 member organisations in 36 countries;
- 60m workers;
- 12 European Industry Federations;
- Eurocadres (professional & managerial staff);
- FERPA (retired retired & older people).

Actors at cross-industry level

Representing European employers

BUSINESSEUROPE

- BUSINESSEUROPE: The Confederation of European Business
 - Established 1958
 - 41 federations from 35 countries
 - More than 20m companies



he public

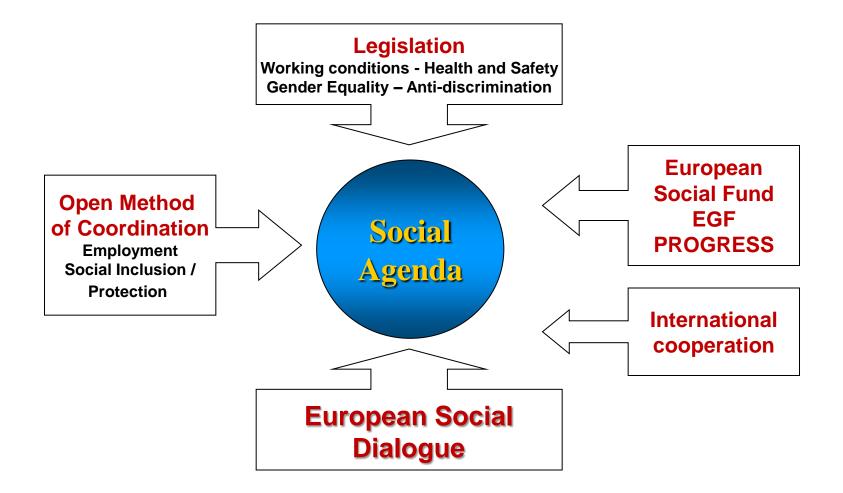
- UEAPME: The European Association of Craft, Small and Medium-sized Enterprises
- CEEP: The European Centre of Employers and Enterprises providing Public services

Treaty provisions

Treaty articles art. 154 and 155 TFEU

- Consultation of the social partners in the social field (definition of social field in art.153)
- Two-stage consultation (on "possible direction" and "content" of future Union action)
- Possibility to enter negotiations and to conclude an agreement replacing Union action
- Two options regarding implementation

EU Employment & Social policy instruments



from 1996 to 2011

7 Framework Agreements

3 implemented as EU Directives:

- Agreements on **parental leave**, 14 December 1995 + 18 June 2009
 - Directive 96/34/EC of 3 June 1996
 - Directive 10/18/EC of 8 March 2010 (Directive 96/34/EC revised)
- Agreement on **part time work**, 6 June 1997
 - Directive 97/81/EC of 15 December 1997
- Agreement on fixed term contracts, 19 March 1999
 - Directive 99/70/EC of 28 June 1999

from 1996 to 2011

7 Framework Agreements

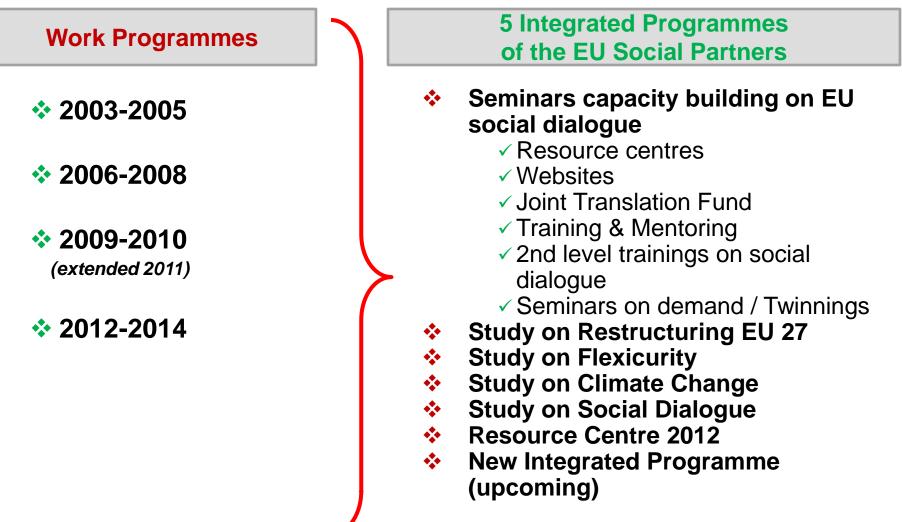
4 implemented by Social Partners:

- Agreement on **telework**, 16 July 2002
- Agreement on **work-related stress**, 8 October 2004
- Agreement on harassment and violence at work, 21 April 2007
- Agreement on **inclusive labour markets**, 25 March 2010

from 1996 to 2011

2 Framework of actions

- Framework of actions on the lifelong development of competencies and qualifications, 14 March 2002
 Framework of actions on gender equality, 22 March 2005
- <u>Report</u> on joint work on ECJ rulings in the Viking, Laval, Rüffert and Luxembourg cases, 19 March 2010
- Joint Labour Market Analysis, 18 October 2007
- More than 50 other joint documents: reports, recommendations, declarations, opinions, compendia of good practices, etc.



Work Programme 2012-2014

The context

- Tripartite Social Summit of March 1, 2012;
- Europe at crossroads;
- Structural reforms and employment situation in Europe.

The scope

Autonomous activities;

European social partners will continue to take steps outside of the work programme;

Covers a period of three years.

Work Programme 2012-2014

<u>Priority</u> on employment, including youth employment.

Employers and trade unions have agreed to undertake <u>8 joint activities:</u>

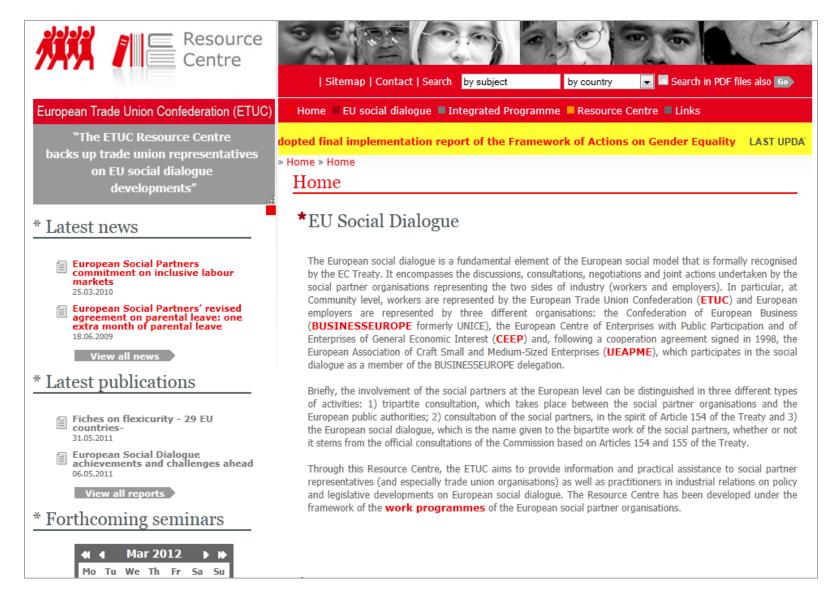
- 1. Negotiate a framework of actions on youth employment;
- 2. Conduct an in-depth employment analysis;
- 3. Look at two new issues in the context of the 2002 framework of actions on lifelong learning:
 - skills' needs in greening economies and;

- update and upgrade the skills of older workers in the context of longer working lives;

Work Programme 2012-2014

- 4. Address remaining inequalities between women and men, including the gender pay gap, building upon outcomes of the implementation of the 2005 framework of actions on gender equality;
- 5. Address mobility and economic migration issues;
- 6. Look at how the EU economic governance touches the competences of social partners;
- 7. Run joint projects on capacity building, including in the Southern shore of the Mediterranean;
- 8. Continue to ensure better impact and/or implementation of their joint texts and instruments.

http://resourcecentre.etuc.org/



www.erc-online.eu



Last update 01/03/2012 - This project benefits from EU Funding

Concluding remarks

- Existence of strong and independant social partners organisations with voluntary membership is a pre-condition for social democracy;
- The (relatively new) context of EU 27;
- Important results achieved since 1996, but time for reflexion;
- Social dialogue and tripartite concertation must not be confused;
- Autonomy of social partners must be respected.

Thank you!



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The views expressed herein are those of the European Social Partners and can therefore in no way be taken to reflect the official opinion of the European Commission.